

令和6年度 入学者選抜学力検査問題

英 語

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題冊子及び解答用紙の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 解答用紙は3枚あります。
- 3 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の枚数の過不足や汚れ等に気がついた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
- 4 試験開始後、すべての解答用紙に受験番号、志望学部及び氏名を記入してください。
受験番号の記入欄は各解答用紙に2箇所あります。
- 5 解答はすべて解答用紙の指定された解答欄に記入してください。
- 6 問題冊子の余白は適宜使用してください。
- 7 各問題の配点は200点満点としたときのものです。
- 8 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

I Read the following essay and answer the questions. (配点 62)

<著作権保護の観点から掲載しておりません>

(お知らせ) 大問 I 問題文において誤植があり, 出題時に訂正しました。

<著作権保護の観点から掲載していません>

(Oakley Ray and Charles Ksir, *Drugs, Society, & Human Behavior*, Times Mirror/Mosby College Publishing,

1990)

*注

Aztec: アステカ族の

Mayan: マヤ族の

frothy: 泡立った

plantation: 大農園, 栽培場

New World: 南北アメリカ大陸

refined: 洗練された

husk: (豆などの) 殻

forerunner: 先駆け

FDA: 食品医薬品局 (アメリカ)

antioxidant: 抗酸化物質

stabilizer: 安定剤

goblet: 足付きグラス

beverage: 飲料

sugar cane: サトウキビ

molasses: 糖蜜

kernel: (豆のさやの中の) 実

pod: (豆などの) さや

patent: 特許状

slab: 板状のもの

caffeine: カフェイン

shelf life: 保存期間

Questions:

1. Explain the meaning of the underlined part (1), “as such,” by filling in the blanks in the following sentence, using 7 words or less.

The Aztecs thought of the chocolate tree as (①) because they believed in the legend that (②) as a gift from heaven.

2. What is closest to the meaning of the underlined part (2), “Maria Theresa, wife of France’s Louis XIV, had a ‘thing’ about chocolate”? Write the letter (a, b, c, or d) on your answer sheet.

- a. She had a hatred of chocolate.
- b. She had a piece of chocolate.
- c. She had only a little knowledge of chocolate.
- d. She had a strong interest in chocolate.

3. The following sentences summarize the passage. Complete the sentences by using only one appropriate word from the passage in each blank.

- (1) Chocolate started in North America as a fluid sometimes foamy and so () that people needed to use a spoon to consume it.
- (2) In the early 1520s, a special type of chocolate, which you can enjoy in two different ways, was brought back to Europe by the Spanish. For example, you can add () to make a liquid which you drink.
- (3) The introduction of chocolate was slow because the Spanish did not want people to know their () process of making chocolate.
- (4) In the seventeenth century, chocolate became popular especially among the rich and the () in Europe.
- (5) In the early eighteenth century, people were told that chocolate could harm their ().
- (6) At the beginning of the eighteenth century, () seriously damaged cocoa bean farming in the USA.

4. Circle T if the statement is true or F if the statement is false according to the text.

- (1) In 1828, someone in Holland legally registered a way to make chocolate powder, which led to today's "cocoa."
- (2) Chocolate flavor is made exclusively from cacao beans, not unnatural ingredients.
- (3) Milk chocolate was first made in Switzerland, about three decades after the first chocolate bars.
- (4) Chocolate changes color over the course of time but can be consumed all the same.

5. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences (①~⑤) with the letter of the correct person or group

(A ~ E).

- ① imposed a duty on chocolate.
- ② encouraged chocolate production.
- ③ lived on a forerunner of today's chocolate alone.
- ④ made chocolate fashionable.
- ⑤ marketed milk chocolate.

List of people and groups

- A. Montezuma
- B. Cortez
- C. Maria Theresa
- D. The US Congress
- E. Nestlé

Ⅱ 以下の文章を読み，設問に答えなさい。(配点 60)

<著作権保護の観点から掲載しておりません>

<著作権保護の観点から掲載しておりません>

(Italo Calvino, *If on a winter's night a traveler*, translated by William Weaver, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1981)

***注**

Italo Calvino: イタリアの小説家	dispel: 払いのける
racket: 大騒ぎ, 騒音	rocker = rocking chair
hassock: 足を乗せるクッション	lectern: 書見台
prop: もたせかける	mane: たてがみ
harness: 馬具	stirrup: あぶみ (足を乗せる馬具)
globe: 地球儀	budge: ちょっと動かす
clot: 固まらせる	glare: にらみつける
gnaw: かじる, かじって穴をあける	foresee: 予見する, 見越す
pee: おしっこをする	in store: (人を) 待ち構えて
legitimately: 妥当に	circumscribe: 限定する

設 問

1. 下線部(1)を日本語に訳しなさい。
2. 第3段落 (Of course ... から ... for enjoying a read. まで) では, 2箇所の変線部 (~~~~~) が示すように, 昔のことと現在のことが対比されている。それをふまえて, 筆者が下線部(2)で “attractive” と記した理由を述べなさい。

現在とは異なり, 人々は昔 _____ からである。

3. 下線部(3)を日本語に訳しなさい。
4. 読書の仕方として, 筆者が挙げている例のみを含んだ説明になっているものには○を, そうなっていないものには×をつけなさい。
 - a. 周囲の人間を声高に説得し, テレビを消してもらい, 自らの世界に没入できる環境を作る。
 - b. 椅子に座ったり, 横向きになったり, 体を丸めたりして読む。
 - c. 足の置き場を作り, 靴を脱ぎ, その靴を手にして読む。
 - d. 適度な光量を心がけ, 読んでいる箇所が暗くならないようにし, 紙面を凝視しすぎないようにする。

5. 以下は最終段落 (It's not that ... から ... isn't serious. まで) の内容を要約した文章である。空所に適切な日本語を各3文字以内で書き入れなさい。2箇所の (a) には同じ言葉が入る。

多くの人たちとは異なり、あなたはもはや何に対しても (a) しないたちの人間で、一番良いのは (b) の事態を避けることだという結論に至っている。それでもまだ (c) の領域では (a) してもよいのではないかと思っており、そこでは (d) する危険は深刻なものではないのである。

- Ⅲ-1 以下のパンフレットと会話の内容がつながるように、①～⑧の空所を適切な英語で埋めなさい。
アメリカ人の友達 John と Sandra がテーマパークについて話しています。(配点 48)

The Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum

Experience living history at the famous Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum! This unique theme park is in a beautiful mountain valley near the historic town of Cornwall in the Rocky Mountains and has fun activities and events for family members of all ages. If you are interested in learning more about what life was like for pioneers, farmers, and cowboys in America in the nineteenth century, then the Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum has everything you need. The village has a real farm with animals. It also has a bank, a post office, a jail and a court of law, a hotel, a museum, a store and restaurants. All the wooden buildings in the village are real and have been moved to the village from other locations.

Visitors can participate in many fun activities. Visitors can dress in pioneer clothes and learn how to make crafts, sew clothes, ride a horse cowboy-style, and for those who are hungry, see the illustration below.

For a small fee, visitors of all ages can rent pioneer or cowboy clothes for the day. Interesting farming and sewing lessons take place several times a day at various places in the Pioneer Village. Musical concerts with traditional instruments take place twice a day in the concert hall in the History Museum.

Guests who are interested in learning more information about daily life in a pioneer village can visit the History Museum at the west end of the village. The museum has thousands of real pioneer things such as tools, toys, clothes, guns, money, black and white photographs, and more. We also show a one-hour film about pioneer life in the museum movie theater. Gifts are for sale in the museum shop. There is a guided tour of the museum five times each day. We also provide a free smartphone application which visitors can use to get information about the museum exhibits.



イラスト(iStock/Big Ryan)

Conversation

John: I've been thinking of visiting the Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum. My brother went there last year, and he ① _____ time, so he recommended it. He gave me this pamphlet about the village and museum.

Sandra: A history museum? Are you joking? That sounds boring to me. Do you really want to visit a history museum on your summer holiday?

John: It's not boring! Why do you think that? It's not just a museum. There is a large village with several ② _____ wood, and actors dressed as cowboys! There are also many interesting events and activities. Take a look at this pamphlet.

Sandra: Oh, I didn't know it was like that. It might be more interesting than I thought. What can we learn there? Will they really ③ _____ like a cowboy?

John: Maybe, but I hope they let us move around on something more modern.

Sandra: I agree that it would be ④ _____ a bus, for example.

John: Yeah. I'd like to see everything. Wow! They have a jail and a court of law.

Sandra: Oh, so in the past, they had those too.

John: Yes, in order to ⑤ _____.

Sandra: I see. Returning to the pamphlet, there are many activities to choose. Look at this illustration! I've never ⑥ _____. I think I'd burn it. That looks too difficult to me.

John: I think I'm more interested in taking a tour of the history museum. When I visit a museum, I always like to buy gifts in the museum shop.

Sandra: Would you prefer to take a guided tour or do the tour by yourself? I'm happy either way, because I'm interested in pioneer stuff too, but even so, I don't ⑦ _____ for one whole hour.

John: Neither do I. I want to communicate; I like to talk to human guides. So I don't feel like ⑧ _____. I'm no good with that kind of technology, anyway.

Ⅲ-2 John は The Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum の情報をもっと知りたいため、その窓口担当の Mr. Robertson に手紙 (A) を送りました。これに対し、Mr. Robertson から John 宛に手紙 (B) が届きました。以下の①～③の内容を含んだ英語を解答用紙の所定の欄に記入し、手紙を完成させなさい。(配点 30)

- ① ツアー参加者の最大人数は 20 人であること
- ② 博物館ガイドつき個人ツアーも予約可能なこと
- ③ 特別講師のもと、木の食器の作り方に関する 1 時間の授業を受けられること

(A)

Dear Mr. Robertson,

My name is John Smith, and I am interested in spending one day at the Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum. I have a pamphlet with general information about the village, museum, and activities for visitors, but I would like more information about the museum tour and the types of crafts that visitors can make.

How many visitors can participate in a museum tour? I want to join a tour with a small group. I would like to ask many questions, but that might not be possible in a large tour group. In addition, I would like to make some wood crafts in a workshop in the village, but I do not see any information about wood crafts in the general information in the pamphlet that I have. Please send me more information.

Best regards,

John Smith

(B)

Dear Mr. Smith,

Thank you for your letter. If you are interested in American history and pioneer life, you will enjoy visiting the old buildings and participating in many fun activities and events.

① _____ . However, I understand that you would prefer a small tour group. ② _____ . During the tour, you can ask many questions and receive clear explanations. Our new pamphlet has more information about making wood crafts. ③ _____ .

Please contact me again if you have more questions.

Sincerely,

Paul Robertson,

The Red River Pioneer Village and History Museum